HATS-LR Series

Make accurate calibrations and transfer measurements over three decades of resistance with the HATS-LR Series.

- Steps from 1 Ω to 100 k Ω
- Transfers from 0.1 Ω to 1 M Ω
- High transfer accuracy to 1 ppm

The Benefits of Using Transfer Standards

In order to perform calibrations with a high degree of accuracy, reference standards must be employed at every range or decade of the measuring or calibration instrumentation. Clearly, this can be difficult and costly since these standards must be highly stable and their precise values must be known with a high degree of certainty and sufficient resolution. To minimize the cost and difficulty, more practical means of performing such calibrations is to use transfer standards.

If one has a single standard that is calibrated by a national laboratory, one can then compare the transfer standards to the certified standard by ratio techniques. See p. 5 for a full tutorial.



Model HATS-LR-10 Transfer Standard with HATS-LR-SB shorting bars

The HATS-LR Series of transfer standards consist of 12 matched resistors, of value R, which may be connected in series or parallel combinations to produce any number of values such as R/10, R, and 10R, all with the same known deviation, thereby allowing progressive transfers to higher and lower decades. For example, the 10 k Ω transfer standard may be used to transfer calibrations across 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω and 100 k Ω .

The HATS-Y Series (p. 3) of transfer standards may be used for resistances $\geq\!1~M\Omega.$

SPECIFICATIONS

Resistor Type: Wirewound, hermetically sealed, low inductance.

Step Size: 1 Ω , 10 Ω , 100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , or 100 k Ω .

Accuracy:

Initial: $\langle \pm 15 \text{ ppm for } 1 \Omega, 10 \Omega \text{ steps};$

 $<\pm10$ ppm for 100 Ω through 100 k Ω steps.

Long Term: <±10 ppm/year;

Transfer: \pm (1 ppm + 0.1 $\mu\Omega$) for 10:1 and 100:1 ratios for 1 Ω ,

100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , and 100 k Ω steps; \pm 1 ppm for 10:1 and 100:1 ratios for 10 Ω step. (Transfer accuracies apply when HATS-LR-SB, HATS-LR-PC, or HATS-LR-SP fixtures are used)

Matching:

Accuracy: within 10 ppm for 1 Ω , 10 Ω steps;

within 5 ppm for 100 Ω through 100 k Ω steps.

Temperature Coefficient:

within 5 ppm/°C for 1 Ω step;

within 1 ppm/°C for \geq 100 Ω steps and for HATS-LRTC-10

within 2 ppm/°C for HATS-LR-10 only

Calibration Accuracy: $\,$ <10 ppm for 1 Ω

<5 ppm for all others.

Functional Schematic:

Temperature Coefficient:

±1 ppm/°C for HATS-LRTC-10 (low TC version)

±10 ppm/°C for HATS-LR-1;

±3 ppm/°C for HATS-LR-10;

±2 ppm/°C for HATS-LR-100 through 100K.

Power Coefficient:

±0.1 ppm/mW per resistor for HATS-LR-1;

±0.15 ppm/mW per resistor for HATS-LR-10;

±0.02 ppm/mW per resistor for HATS-LRTC-10;

±0.05 ppm/mW per resistor for HATS-LR-100 through 100K.

Maximum Applied Input: 1500 V maximum or 1 W per resistor, or 5 W for entire unit, whichever applies. 1500 V peak between any terminal and

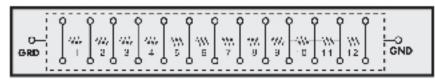
Dimensions: 31.2 cm W x 9.7 cm H x 11.4 cm D (12.3" x 3.8" x 4.5").

Weight: 2 kg (4.4 lb).

Calibration Conditions: Four-wire Kelvin measurements, low power, at 23°C, traceable to NIST. Initial calibration data supplied with instrument.

Leakage Resistance: Greater than 1 $\ensuremath{\text{T}\Omega}$ from terminal to case.

Shorting Bars and Compensation Networks: For connecting resistors in parallel or series-parallel combinations.



ORDERING INFORMATION

HATS-LR-1 1 Ω /step transfer standard HATS-LR-10 10 Ω /step transfer standard

HATS-LRTC-10 $\,$ 10 Ω/step transfer standard with low tempera-

ture coefficient

HATS-LR-100 100 Ω /step transfer standard HATS-LR-1K 1 k Ω /step transfer standard

HATS-LR-10K HATS-LR-100K HATS-LR-SB HATS-LR-PC HATS-LR-SP

OPTIONS

10 k Ω /step Transfer Standard 100 k Ω /step Transfer Standard Shorting bars for HATS-LR units Parallel Compensation Network Series-Parallel Compensation Network

- RM Rack mountable case for standard 19" rack



www.ietlabs.com

33

TEL: (516) 334-5959 • (800) 899-8438 • FAX: (516) 334-5988